

COP28 UAE DECLARATION ON SUSTAINABLE AGRICULTURE, RESILIENT FOOD SYSTEMS, AND CLIMATE ACTION

WE, HEADS OF STATE AND GOVERNMENT:

Recognizing that unprecedented adverse climate impacts are increasingly threatening the resilience of agriculture and food systems as well as the ability of many, especially the most vulnerable, to produce and access food in the face of mounting hunger, malnutrition, and economic stresses;

Recognizing the profound potential of agriculture and food systems to drive powerful and innovative responses to climate change and to unlock shared prosperity for all;

Underscoring the need to progressively realize the right to adequate food in the context of national food security as well as the need to ensure access to safe, sufficient, affordable, and nutritious food for all;

Noting that agriculture and food systems are fundamental to the lives and livelihoods of billions of people, including smallholders, family farmers, fisherfolk and other producers and food workers;

Noting the essential role of international and multi-stakeholder cooperation, including South-South and Triangular cooperation, financial and funding institutions, trade, and non-state actors in responding to climate change;

Reaffirming our respective commitments, collective and individual, to the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development, the UN Framework Convention on Climate Change and the Paris Agreement, the UN Convention on Biological Diversity and the Kunming-Montreal Global Biodiversity Framework, the UN Convention to Combat Desertification, and the Sharm El Sheikh Joint Work on implementation of climate action in agriculture and food security; as well as noting the UN Food Systems Summit;

Recalling also the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change and the Paris Agreement, acknowledging that they are the primary international, intergovernmental forums for negotiating the global response to climate change;

Recalling the findings of recent Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change (IPCC) assessments as well as noting the Synthesis report by the co-facilitators on the technical dialogue of the first global stocktake;

We stress that any path to fully achieving the long-term goals of the Paris Agreement must include agriculture and food systems.

We affirm that agriculture and food systems must urgently adapt and transform in order to respond to the imperatives of climate change.

WE DECLARE OUR INTENT TO WORK COLLABORATIVELY AND EXPEDITIOUSLY TO PURSUE THE FOLLOWING OBJECTIVES:

- 1. Scaling-up adaptation and resilience activities and responses in order to reduce the vulnerability of all farmers, fisherfolk, and other food producers to the impacts of climate change, including through financial and technical support for solutions, capacity building, infrastructure, and innovations, including early warning systems, that promote sustainable food security, production and nutrition, while conserving, protecting and restoring nature.
- 2. Promoting food security and nutrition by increasing efforts to support vulnerable people through approaches such as social protection systems and safety nets, school feeding and public procurement programs, targeted research and innovation, and focusing on the specific needs of women, children and youth, Indigenous Peoples, smallholders, family farmers, local communities and persons with disabilities, among others;
- 3. Supporting workers in agriculture and food systems, including women and youth, whose livelihoods are threatened by climate change, to maintain inclusive, decent work, through context-appropriate approaches which could include increasing, adapting and diversifying incomes;
- 4. Strengthening the integrated management of water in agriculture and food systems at all levels to ensure sustainability and reduce adverse impacts on communities that depend on these inter-related areas;
- 5. Maximize the climate and environmental benefits while containing and reducing harmful impacts associated with agriculture and food systems by conserving, protecting and restoring land and natural ecosystems, enhancing soil health, and biodiversity, and shifting from higher greenhouse gas-emitting practices to more sustainable production and consumption approaches, including by reducing food loss and waste and promoting sustainable aquatic blue foods;

To achieve these aims - according to our own national circumstances - we commit to expedite the integration of agriculture and food systems into our climate action and, simultaneously, to mainstream climate action across our policy agendas and actions related to agriculture and food systems.

IN FULFILLING THIS COMMITMENT, BY 2025 WE INTEND TO STRENGTHEN OUR RESPECTIVE AND SHARED EFFORTS TO:

- 1. Pursue broad, transparent, and inclusive engagement, as appropriate within our national contexts, to integrate agriculture and food systems into National Adaptation Plans, Nationally Determined Contributions, Longterm Strategies, National Biodiversity Strategies and Action Plans, and other related strategies before the convening of COP30.
- 2. Revisit or orient policies and public support related to agriculture and food systems to promote activities which increase incomes, reduce greenhouse gas emissions, and bolster resilience, productivity, livelihoods, nutrition, water efficiency and human, animal and ecosystem health while reducing food loss and waste, and ecosystem loss and degradation.
- 3. Continue to scale-up and enhance access to all forms of finance from the public, philanthropic and private sectors including through blended instruments, public-private partnerships and other aligned efforts to adapt and transform agriculture and food systems to respond to climate change.
- 4. Accelerate and scale science and evidence-based innovations including local and indigenous knowledge which increase sustainable productivity and production of agriculture and related emerging domains, promote ecosystem resilience and improve livelihoods, including for rural communities, smallholders, family farmers and other producers.
- 5. Strengthen the rules-based, non-discriminatory, open, fair, inclusive, equitable and transparent multilateral trading system with the World Trade Organization at its core.

With seven years remaining to achieve our shared goals, we intend to strengthen collaboration among our respective ministries - including agriculture, climate, energy, environment, finance, and health - and with diverse stakeholders to achieve the objectives and efforts articulated in this Declaration, and as appropriate within our national contexts.

To maintain momentum, we intend to benefit from relevant regional and

global convenings in order to share experiences and to accelerate national and collaborative action. We will review our collective progress next year at COP29 with a view to considering next steps in 2025 and beyond.

Endorsements:

- 1. Republic of Albania
- 2. Principality of Andorra
- 3. Republic of Angola
- 4. Antigua and Barbuda
- 5. Republic of Argentina
- 6. Republic of Armenia
- 7. Commonwealth of Australia
- 8. Republic of Austria
- 9. Republic of Azerbaijan
- 10. Commonwealth of the Bahamas
- 11. Kingdom of Bahrain
- 12. People's Republic of Bangladesh
- 13. Barbados
- 14. Republic of Belarus
- 15. Kingdom of Belgium
- 16. Belize
- 17. Republic of Benin
- 18. Kingdom of Bhutan
- 19. Bosnia and Herzegovina
- 20. Federative Republic of Brazil
- 21. Negara Brunei Darussalam
- 22. Republic of Bulgaria
- 23. Burkina Faso
- 24. Republic of Burundi
- 25. Republic of Cabo Verde
- 26. Kingdom of Cambodia
- 27. Canada
- 28. Republic of Chad
- 29. Republic of Chile
- 30. People's Republic of China

- 31. Republic of Colombia
- 32. Union of the Comoros
- 33. Republic of Costa Rica
- 34. Republic of Côte d'Ivoire
- 35. Republic of Croatia
- 36. Republic of Cyprus
- 37. Czech Republic
- 38. Kingdom of Denmark
- 39. Commonwealth of Dominica
- 40. Dominican Republic
- 41. Republic of Ecuador
- 42. Arab Republic of Egypt
- 43. Republic of El Salvador
- 44. Republic of Equatorial Guinea
- 45. Republic of Estonia
- 46. Kingdom of Eswatini
- 47. Federal Democratic Republic of Ethiopia
- 48. European Union
- 49. Republic of Fiji
- 50. Republic of Finland
- 51. Republic of France
- 52. Republic of The Gambia
- 53. Federal Republic of Germany
- 54. Republic of Ghana
- 55. Hellenic Republic (Greece)
- 56. Grenada
- 57. Republic of Guatemala
- 58. Republic of Guinea
- 59. Republic of Guinea-Bissau
- 60. Republic of Honduras
- 61. Hungary
- 62. Iceland
- 63. Republic of Indonesia
- 64. Ireland
- 65. State of Israel
- 66. Republic of Italy
- 67. Jamaica
- 68. Japan
- 69. Hashemite Kingdom of Jordan
- 70. Republic of Kazakhstan
- 71. Republic of Kenya
- 72. Republic of Kiribati
- 73. State of Kuwait
- 74. Kyrgyz Republic

- 75. Republic of Latvia
- 76. Republic of Lebanon
- 77. Kingdom of Lesotho
- 78. Republic of Lithuania
- 79. Grand Duchy of Luxembourg
- 80. Republic of Madagascar
- 81. Republic of Malawi
- 82. Malaysia
- 83. Republic of Maldives
- 84. Republic of Mali
- 85. Republic of Malta
- 86. Islamic Republic of Mauritania
- 87. Republic of Mauritius
- 88. United Mexican States
- 89. Federated States of Micronesia
- 90. Republic of Moldova
- 91. Principality of Monaco
- 92. Mongolia
- 93. Montenegro
- 94. Kingdom of Morocco
- 95. Republic of Mozambique
- 96. Republic of Nauru
- 97. Nepal
- 98. Kingdom of the Netherlands
- 99. New Zealand
- 100. Republic of Nicaragua
- 101. Federal Republic of Nigeria
- 102. Niue
- 103. Republic of North Macedonia
- 104. Kingdom of Norway
- 105. Sultanate of Oman
- 106. Islamic Republic of Pakistan
- 107. Republic of Palau
- 108. State of Palestine
- 109. Republic of Panama
- 110. Independent State of Papua New Guinea
- 111. Republic of Peru
- 112. Republic of the Philippines
- 113. Republic of Poland
- 114. Portuguese Republic
- 115. State of Qatar
- 116. Romania
- 117. Russian Federation
- 118. Republic of Rwanda

- 119. Saint Kitts and Nevis
- 120. Saint Lucia
- 121. Saint Vincent and the Grenadines
- 122. Samoa
- 123. Republic of San Marino
- 124. Republic of Senegal
- 125. Republic of Serbia
- 126. Republic of Seychelles
- 127. Republic of Sierra Leone
- 128. Republic of Singapore
- 129. Slovak Republic
- 130. Republic of Slovenia
- 131. Federal Republic of Somalia
- 132. Republic of Korea
- 133. Kingdom of Spain
- 134. Democratic Socialist Republic of Sri Lanka
- 135. Republic of the Sudan
- 136. Republic of Suriname
- 137. Kingdom of Sweden
- 138. Swiss Confederation (Switzerland)
- 139. Syrian Arab Republic
- 140. Republic of Tajikistan
- 141. Republic of Trinidad and Tobago
- 142. United Republic of Tanzania
- 143. Kingdom of Thailand
- 144. Republic of Togo
- 145. Kingdom of Tonga
- 146. Republic of Tunisia
- 147. Republic of Türkiye
- 148. Turkmenistan
- 149. Republic of Uganda
- 150. Ukraine
- 151. United Arab Emirates
- 152. United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland
- 153. United States of America
- 154. Oriental Republic of Uruguay
- 155. Republic of Vanuatu
- 156. Bolivarian Republic of Venezuela
- 157. Socialist Republic of Viet Nam
- 158. Republic of Yemen
- 159. Republic of Zambia
- 160. Republic of Zimbabwe

Other Endorsements

- Montserrat
- Virgin Islands

COP28 UAE DECLARATIONS







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